Chinese Fastening Tools Manufacturers' Countermeasures to Reduce Carbon Emission

中國緊固工具廠商的減碳對策

Introduction

According to the data from the Global Carbon Atlas, China is currently the world's largest emitter of carbon dioxide (CO2), accounting for around 28% of global CO2 emissions in 2020. This is due in large part to China's heavy reliance on coal for electricity generation, as well as its significant industrial output. However, it is worth noting that China has also made significant progress in reducing its carbon intensity (the amount of carbon emissions per unit of GDP), and has set ambitious targets for reducing its overall carbon emissions in the coming years. China has implemented several policies and initiatives to address carbon emissions and climate change, including:

- A. Carbon trading system: China launched its national carbon trading system in 2021, which covers around 2,200 power plants and is the largest carbon market in the world. The system aims to help reduce emissions from the power sector and promote cleaner energy sources.
- B. Renewable energy targets: China has set ambitious targets for renewable energy, including a goal to reach peak carbon emissions by 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality by 2060. The country has also set targets for wind, solar, and hydro power capacity, with a goal of reaching 1,200 gigawatts by 2030.
- C. Green finance: China has launched several initiatives to promote green finance, including issuing "green bonds" and establishing a green development fund. These efforts aim to support investments in sustainable infrastructure and technologies.

- D. Energy efficiency standards: China has implemented energy efficiency standards for buildings, appliances, and vehicles, which aim to reduce energy consumption and associated emissions.
- E. Carbon capture and storage: China has several carbon capture and storage (CCS) projects underway, aimed at capturing and storing carbon emissions from industrial facilities and power plants.

Fastening Tools Manufacturers and Carbon Reduction Policies

1. Improving Energy Efficiency

Manufacturers have adopted new technologies and improved their production processes to reduce energy consumption and improve energy efficiency. These include **using more efficient machinery, optimizing production schedules, and upgrading equipment to more energy-efficient models.** Some examples of these more efficient manufacturing machines include:

Automated Assembly Machines: Automated assembly machines use robotics and other technologies to automate the assembly process for fastening tools. These machines can perform tasks such as sorting, feeding, and assembling parts with high speed and accuracy.

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3D Printing Machines: 3D printing technology has been adopted by some fastening tool manufacturers to produce prototypes and small batch production runs. This technology allows for rapid prototyping and customized designs, reducing the time and costs associated with traditional manufacturing processes.

Laser Cutting Machines: Laser cutting machines use laser technology to cut and shape materials, such as metal and plastic, with high precision and speed. These machines perform complex cutting operations that would be difficult or impossible to achieve with traditional cutting tools.

Waterjet Cutting Machines: Waterjet cutting machines use high-pressure water and abrasive materials to cut and shape materials. These machines are precise, efficient, and can be used to cut a wide range of materials, including metals, plastics, and composites.

2. Switching to Renewable Energy

Manufacturers are switching to renewable energy sources like solar, wind, or hydro power to power their production facilities. This significantly reduces their carbon footprint and helps mitigate the effects of climate change. Some examples of fastening tools manufacturers and the fasteners industry are:

A hardware products company has installed a 200-kilowatt rooftop solar panel system on its factory in Wenzhou, China. The solar panels generate approximately 230,000 kilowatt-hours of electricity per year, which is equivalent to the energy consumption of 100 households.

A rivet company has installed a 3.6-megawatt solar panel system on its production facility in Shanghai, China. The solar panels generate approximately 4.2 million kilowatt-hours of electricity per year, which is equivalent to the energy consumption of 1,500 households.

A hardware manufacturing company has installed a rooftop solar panel system on its factory in Ningbo, China. The solar panels generate approximately 500,000 kilowatt-hours of electricity per year, which is equivalent to the energy consumption of 180 households.

3. Reducing Waste

By adopting lean manufacturing practices and reducing waste, manufacturers can reduce their carbon footprint and save money. This can include **reducing material usage, optimizing packaging, and implementing recycling programs.** Some examples of fastening tools manufacturers and the fasteners industry are:

A hardware company has implemented initiatives to reduce material waste and optimize packaging. It has installed equipment to recycle waste materials, such as metal shavings and cutting scraps, and using recycled materials in their production processes whenever possible. It has also implemented eco-friendly packaging solutions, such as using biodegradable materials and reducing the overall amount of packaging used.

A machinery company in Suzhou, China has implemented initiatives to reduce material waste and optimize packaging. It has implemented a waste reduction program that focuses on reducing material usage and improving production processes to reduce waste. It has also optimized its packaging to reduce the number of materials used and increase the efficiency of transportation and storage. A hardware company in Dongguan, China has implemented a recycling program to reduce waste and improve sustainability. It has implemented a system to sort and recycle waste materials, such as metal scraps and cutting fluids, which are then reused in its production processes. It has also implemented initiatives to reduce energy usage and improve the efficiency of its production processes.

4. Adopting Green Transportation

Manufacturers can reduce emissions from transportation by adopting more sustainable transportation options, such as electric vehicles or hybrid vehicles, or by optimizing their shipping schedules to reduce the number of trips. Some examples of the fastening tools manufacturers are:

A company in Suzhou, China has adopted electric vehicles (EVs) for its logistics and transportation operations. It has a fleet of EVs that are used for the transportation of goods and materials, reducing its carbon footprints and contributing to a cleaner environment.

A company in Ningbo, China has implemented a logistics system that uses environmentally-friendly vehicles, such as hybrid and electric trucks, for transportation. It has also optimized its logistics routes to reduce travel distances and emissions.

A rivet company in Shanghai, China has adopted a green transportation system that uses alternative fuels, such as compressed natural gas (CNG), for its delivery trucks. It has also optimized its logistics processes to reduce the amount of fuel used and the carbon emissions associated with transportation.

A company in Wuxi, China has implemented a green transportation system that includes the use of electric tricycles for the delivery of goods and materials. It has also optimized its logistics processes to reduce travel distances and emissions.

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